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HAYNIE FAMILY OF NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY

VIRGINIA

Va.

CAPTAIN JOHN HAYNIE (Cirea 1624 - post 1894)

TO HIS GREAT-GREAT-GRAND DAUGHTER

LUCY HAYNIE (1782 - 1801)

Wife of

JOHN MILLS (1748 - 1812)

~~of~~

LUDESBURY COUNTY, VIRGINIA AND WILKES-COUNTY,  
GEORGIA

Prepared from original records (specifically preferred  
to in this paper) for Waid Scott Willis, Senior in  
July and August 1949, the data being compiled and here-  
by certified by

CLAYTON TORRENCE, RICHMOND, VA.





Captain John Haynie (born circa 1624; (1) died post 1694; (2) of Northumberland County, Virginia, first appears in Virginia, in Northumberland County, about 1680. He received grants for over 3000 acres of land in Northumberland County by several patents issued from January 1650 (1650/1) to December 1603 (3); and during the course of his life time was a prominent resident and official of Northumberland County. In 1656 John Haynie was a vestryman of Wicocomico; and in the same year clerk of the market at Great and Little Wicocomico; (4) and represented Northumberland County in the House of Burgesses in the General Assembly of the colony of Virginia at its Session of Mary 1657-8 (5). Evidence of John Haynie's active participation in colonial Indian warfare is found the following record:

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"An account of charges and disbursements, Northumberland County, for the Susquehannaugh War, Sept. 1678; 20 soldiers, 2 months, Capt. John Haynie their commander" (6)

John Haynie also appears as "attorney in behalf of the County of (Northumberland)" in September 1668 and was a member of the Northumberland County Court as a Justice of the Peace in 1679 and other years. (7)

Captain John Haynie (1624-post 1694) married Jane, daughter of Nicholas Morris and Martha, his wife, of Northumberland County. (8)

Captain John and Jane (Morris) Haynie had issues: (9)

(1 Richard Haynie (born circa 1655?; died 1724/5; of whom hereafter.

(2 Anthony Haynie, of Northumberland County; died 1711.

(3 John Haynie, of Northumberland County; died 1713.

(4 Martha Haynie.

(5 Elizabeth Haynie.

Captain Richard Haynie (son of Captain John and Jane (Morris) Haynie) was born circa 165<sup>5</sup>, (10) and died in 172<sup>4</sup>/5, living his long and serviceable life of "three score years and ten" in the county of Northumberland in Virginia; possessing himself of a considerable estate in land and personal property and occupying numerous offices. He appears frequently in court in the capacity of "attorney" and was captain in the militia, member of the House of Burgesses, and finally High Sheriff of the county. (11)

Captain Richard Haynie was a member, from Northumberland County, of the House of Burgesses in the Virginia General Assemblies of 1695, 1696, 1697, 1698, 1702/3, 1704 and 1705. (12)

Captain Richard Haynie was also prominent in the affairs of St. Stephan's Parish, Northumberland County, in which his home plantation was situated, though once, at least, coming into conflict with the authorities when, on January 21, 1714/14, having been "presented by the Grand Jury for absenting himself from Church, contrary to law," and being unable to give a good excuse for his neglect of public worship, he was fined by the Court for his negligence.

(13)

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Captain Richard Haynie (circa 1655-1724/5) married first, Oct. 10, 1681, Elizabeth (born July 16, 1665; died April 2, 1697), a daughter of Richard and Jane Bridgar. (14) Captain Richard Haynie married second, circa 1700-1, Ellinor (whose family name is unknown), Mrs. Ellinor Haynie died in 1754. (15)

Captain Richard (Circa 1655-1724/5 and Jane (1665-1897; nee Bridgar) Haynie had issues: (16)

- 1) Bridgar Haynie
- 2) John Haynie (born circa 1684; died 1723); of whom hereafter.
- 3) Elizabeth Haynie, born December 6, 1688<sup>6</sup>; died : married \_\_\_\_\_ Smit (or Smith).
- 4) Maximilian Haynie, born October 31, 1688; died \_\_\_\_
- 5) Ormsby Haynie (died 1744) of Northumberland.
- 6) Annie Haynie
- 7) Katherine Haynie
- 8) Samuel Haynie

Captain Richard Haynie (circa 1656-1724/5) had issue by his second wife, Ellinor (surname unknown): (17)

- 9) Mary Haynie, born Nov. 3, 1702
- 10) William Haynie, born November 5, 1704
- 11) Winifred Haynie, born April 7, 1706
- 12) Elinor Haynie, born Sept. 2, 1708
- 13) Charles Haynie, born January 23, 1710
- 14) Sarah Haynie, born May 11, 1718.

The will of Richard Haynie, of Northumberland County dated 31, Oct. 1724, Proved 18, Mar. 1724-5.

To son Bridgar, land by road near the Court House, and all of my plantation where I now live. Should he die, leaving no heir,



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then the same lands to go to my sons Maxmillan Haynie and Ormsby Haynie, and their heirs, &c.

To my son Ormsby Haynie and my son Charles Haynie, certain other land.

To my son Samuel Haynie 80 acres of land, adjoining the land of Richard Oldham.

The rest of my land to be equally divided between my daughters, Katherine, Elinor, Winifred and Anna. To them he also gave <sup>some</sup> negroes.

To my daughter Elizabeth Smit, a gold ring of the price of 25 shill.

My wife Elinor and Major George Eskridge to be executors. (Northumberland County Record Book 1718-1726, page 389)

John Haynie (son of Captain Richard and Elizabeth (Bridgar) Haynie (18) was born circa 1684, and died in 1723. He was designated in court records as "John Haynie, Jr." and lived in St. Stephens Parish, Northumberland County, appearing several times in the records as member of juries, and of the Grand Jury; as overseer of highways and as constable of the district between Coan and the head of Wiccocomico River. (19) John Haynie died in 1723 and on July 17, 1723, William Haynie (his eldest son) qualified as administrator of the estate of John Haynie, Jr., deceased; and on August 23, 1723, an inventory and appraisement of the said decedent's estate was recorded. (20)

John Haynie, Jr., (circa 1684-1723) married Mrs. Hannah (Neale) Shapleigh, widow of Thomas Shapleigh (who died 1703) and

#5.

daughter of Daniel and Elizabeth (Holland) Neale, of Northumberland County. (21)

John Haynie (circa 1684-1723) and his wife, Hannah (Neale) Shapleigh, had issue: (22)

- 1) William Haynie, of Northumberland County.
- 2) Richard Haynie (circa 1708-1733) of whom hereafter.
- 3) Stephen Haynie, of Northumberland County.
- 4) Mary Ann Haynie, married Charles Betts. (= Betts)

Richard Haynie (son of John and Hannah (Neale) Haynie) of St. Stephen's Parish, Northumberland County, was born circa 1708<sup>5</sup>-6, and died in the spring of the year 1753. His was the life of a small planter of reasonably comfortable means; a farm (which appears to have been located near the court house) and several negro servants. He does not appear to have ever held office.

Richard Haynie (circa 1705<sup>6</sup>-1753) married first Elizabeth, daughter of Alexander Moorehead of Northumberland county; (23)  
(Moore head)  
second, Mary Ann, daughter of Lawrence Parrott, of Northumberland county. (24) Mrs. Mary Ann (Parrott) Haynie married second, circa 1754, Elisha Betts, of Northumberland County, and about 1705 moved to Lunenburg County, Virginia.

Richard Haynie (circa 1705<sup>6</sup>-1753) and his first wife, Elizabeth Moorehead, had issue:

- 1) Hannah Haynie, born November 23, 1742; died 1799, married November 16, 1788, David Ball, (25)

Richard Haynie (circa 1705-6-1753) by his second wife Mary Ann Parrott, had issue: (26)

- 2) Molly Haynie, born ~~November~~ 5, 1748; died \_\_\_\_; married October 1767, William Grenshaw, who died in Nottoway County, Virginia,  
1794

#6.

1794.

3) Elizabeth Haynie, born May 21, 1750; died post 1803; married, circa 177\_\_\_, William Hatchett, born circa 1740, died in Lunenburg County, Va., 1821.

4) Lucy Haynie, born March 9, 1752; died December 6, 1801, married December 25, 1771, John Eills, born in Virginia, April 22, 1742, died Wilkes County, Georgia, January 1812. (27)



REFERENCE NOTES

- 1) "John Haynie, age 31 years, or thereabouts" made a deposition on August 20, 1655 (Northumberland County records). As John Haynie was about 31 years old in 1655 then he was born circa 1624.
- 2) John Haynie was living as late as December 1694 in which month he received a patent for 400 acres of land on "John Haynie, Senior, (Northern Neck Grant, Book 2, page 92.)
- 3) Virginia Land Patents, Patent Book No. 2, page 281, No. 23, Page 13; No. 6, page 165; Northern Neck Grants, Book 2, page 92 (These land grants book are in Division of Archives, Virginia State Library Richmond).
- 4) Virginia Magazine of History and Biography, Vol. 23, page 313,
- 5) Stanard's "Virginia Colonial Register," page 74.
- 6) William and Mary Quarterly, First Series, Vol, 21, pps. 160 et seq.
- 7) Virginia Magazine of History & Biography, Vol. 23, Page 313, and original records of Northumberland County.
- 8) Nicholas Morris (born 1605; died 1664) was a prominent land owner, planter and member of the court of Northumberland County, he appears in Northumberland County records as early as 1653 as a justice of the peace. He married ~~Martha~~ (born 1609; died post 1670); however, this lady's family name has never been discovered. Mrs. Martha Morris married second, in 1665, Thomas Lane, a large

land owner of Northumberland County. Nicholas and Martha Morris had issue: (1) Anthony Morris; (2) Jane Morris married Captain John Haynie, as stated above. (For note on "Morris of Northumberland County", see Virginia Magazine of History and Biography, Vol. 25, pps. 192-194.)

9) The names of the children of Captain John and Jane (Morris) Haynie are attested as follows: (1) The will of Nicholas Morris, of Northumberland County, dated November 21, 1660, proved January 20, 1684 (1684/5) names, among other legatees his daughter Jane Haynie, and his grand children (being children of his daughter Jane Haynie) viz: Eartha, Elizabeth and Richard Haynie (Virginia Magazine of History and Biography, Vol 25, pages 192-193). (2) That Captain John and Jane (Morris) Haynie had sons John Haynie, Jr., and Anthony Haynie in his will dated January 31, 1709 (1709/10) refers to his brother John Haynie. (See Virginia Magazine of History and Biography, Vol. 23, page 417 for Anthony Haynie's will); and various entries in Northumberland County Records.

10) Captain Richard Haynie was certainly born prior to November 1660 at which time he is named as grandson in the will of Nicholas Morris (see note 9 above). We are probably correct in approximating the year of his birth as 1655.

11) Original Court Order Books of Northumberland County, Va.

12) Stanard's Colonial Virginia Register, pps. 89-92, and 95-97.

13) Virginia Magazine of History and Vlog., Vol. 22, page 89.

14) The tombstone of Mrs. Elizabeth (Bridgar) Haynie is still in



existence and is in an old abandoned graveyard on the eastern edge of the village of Heathsville, the county seat of Northumberland County. The inscription on the tombstone reads: "Here lyeth the body of Elizabeth Haynie, Daughter of Richard and Jane Bridgar/ was born July 16th, 1665/ Married to Richard Haynie October 10th, 1681, by whom she had 8 children & died his wife April 2, 1697/ William and Mary Quarterly, First Series, Vol. 8, page 42)

Richard Bridgar and Jane, his wife, were resident in Old Rappahannock County, Virginia, for some years. The said Jane (whose surname is unknown) married first Richard Bridgar; Second, Henry Greighton; third Maximilian Robinson. (The facts are proved by deeds in Old Rappahannock County records, Vol. 1663-8, pages 7-9; the wills of Rice Jones, probated February 26, 1677, and of Henry Creighton, probated September 6, 1677, in Old Rappahannock County records, Vol. 1677-82, page 42 (for Jones' will) and page 27 (for Creighton's will); and the will ~~of~~ Maximilian Robinson, proved October 8, 1695 in Prerogative Court of Canterbury, England (for Robinson's will see Virginia Magazine of History and Biog., Vol. 22, pages 22-23.)

15) The will of Mrs. Ellinor Haynie was presented for probate in Northumberland County Court, Sept. 10, 1754, by Samuel Haynie, an executor therein named. (Northumberland County records, Court held September 10, 1754; noted in Virginia Magazine of History and Biography, Volume 22, page 89.).

16) The tombstone inscription of Mrs. Elizabeth (Bridgar) Haynie (see note 14 above) says that she had 8 children by Richard Haynie.

Seven of those children are named in the will of Captain Richard Haynie, dated October 31, 1724, viz: Bridgar, Elizabeth, Maximillian, Ormsby, Katherine and Samuel. John Haynie (born circa 1684; son of Richard Haynie and Elizabeth (Bridgar) Haynie) died in July 1723, which was a year and three months before his father, Richard Haynie's will, and therefore he is not named in his father's will. However, Bridgar Haynie (son of Richard and Elizabeth (Bridgar) Haynie) in his will dated June 1, 1739, probated October 13, 1740, refers to "any son of my brother John Haynie or my brother Maximillian Haynie. (Northumberland county records). Therefore, John Haynie is verified as a brother of the said Bridgar Haynie, and a son of Richard and Elizabeth (Bridgar) Haynie. (Northumberland County Records, Record Book, 1738-1743, page 101 for will of Bridgar Haynie).

17) The names of the children of Richard Haynie and his second wife, Elinor (surname unknown) have been obtained from the Register of St. Stephen's Parish, Northumberland County (Photostat copy in Division of Archives, Virginia State Library.)

18) The specific evidence that John Haynie (born circa 1684; died 1723) was a son of Richard and Elizabeth (Bridgar) Haynie, is found in the will of his brother Bridgar Haynie as referred to in conclusion of note 16 above.

19) Order Books of Northumberland County Court.

20) At court held for Northumberland County, July 17, 1723, William Haynie, oldest son of John Haynie, Jr., de<sup>d</sup>, came into court and made oath that the said John Haynie departed this life without

# deceased



making any will as far as he knows and believes and in his motion, and giving security for his just and faithful administration, certificate is granted him for obtaining letters of administration thereon in due form. (Northumberland County records, Order Book 1719/20, page 104. The inventory is recorded, Ibid, record book, 1718-1726, page 395.

21) The evidence that John Haynie, Jr., married Mrs. Hannah (Neale) Shapleigh, widow of Thomas Shapleigh (died 1703) and daughter of Daniel and Elizabeth (Holland) Neale, of Northumberland County, Comes in this way:

(1) On September 29, 1703, an appraisement of the estate of Thomas Shapleigh, de<sup>d</sup>, was exhibited in court by Hannah Shapleigh, administratrix of the said Thomas Shapleigh, de<sup>d</sup>. (Northumberland County court records.

(2) On November 22, 1706 Philip Shapleigh was summoned to Northumberland County Court to answer the plea of John Haynie and Hannah, his wife, relict of Thomas Shapleigh de<sup>d</sup>., that he unjustly detains in his possession a child named Elizabeth Shapleigh (4 years old) which said Elizabeth is the daughter of the said Thomas Shapleigh, de<sup>d</sup>. On February 20, 1708, May 19, 1714, July 19, 1717, there were several complaints before Northumberland County Court in this cause which further prove that Hannah, wife of John Haynie, Jr., was Hannah, widow of Thomas Shapleigh; and that the said Hannah was by her former husband, Thomas Shapleigh, de<sup>d</sup>., the mother of the aforesaid Elizabeth Shapleigh. (These items will be found



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under dates of respective courts in Northumberland County Court orders.)

(3) Therefore we find that Hannah, widow of Thomas Shapleigh, deed, (who died in 1703) married, prior to November 1706, John Haynie, Jr.

(4) Northumberland County Records, Record Book No. 18, (1710-1713) pages 133 et seq. Court held January 14, 1711/12, record of division of estate of Ebenezer Neale, deceased, shows that Lucretia (wife of John Cottrell) and Hannah (wife of John Haynie, Jr.) were Lucretia and Hannah Neale, sisters of the said Ebenezer Neale.

The record in this suit further proves that the said Ebenezer Neale, Lucretia (Neale) Cottrell and Hannah (Neale) Haynie, were children of Daniel Neal and his wife, Elizabeth Holland, only child and daughter of Daniel Holland and Joyce, his wife, of Northumberland County.

22) Evidence for names of children of John Haynie, Jr., and Hannah nee Neale) Shapleigh, his wife:

1. Northumberland County Court, July 17, 1723, William Haynie eldest son of John Haynie, Jr., deceased, giving due security therefor, was granted certificate for obtaining letters of administration on estate of said John Haynie, deceased. (Northumberland County Records, Order Book, 1719/20-1729, Page 104.)

2. April 11, 1737, William Haynie acknowledges deed of gift to Richard Haynie (his brother). (Northumberland County Records. Order Book 1729-37, page 232.)



3. The will of Elizabeth Elleston, of Northumberland County, dated September 18, 1748, names (among others) "my brother Richard Haynie" as executor. Northumberland County Records. Record Book 1738-1743, page 209, for will of Mrs. Elizabeth Elleston.) (Notes: Elizabeth Elleston was nee Elizabeth Shapleigh, daughter of Thomas Shapleigh and his wife, Hannah (Neale) who married second, John Haynie, Jr.; Mrs. Elizabeth Shapleigh Elleston was elder half-sister of Richard Haynie. See note 21 above for explanation of the Shapleigh-Neale-Haynie connection.)

4. The will of Richard Haynie, of St. Stephen's Parish, Northumberland County, dated May 14, 1753 (see this will post page 12,) names (besides his wife and three daughters) "my two brothers William and Stephen Haynie."

5. The name of the daughter Mary Ann Haynie was stated by the late Mrs. A. O. Kesch, of Wichita, Kansas, in a letter dated in the year 1915; and is verified by agreements and bond August 16, 1760 whereby Charles Betts secures property to his wife Mary Anne; and William Haynie became trustee for "my sister, Mary Anne Betts" (Northumberland County records, Record Book 1758-1762, page 326).

23 Evidence that Richard Haynie (circa 1705/6-1753) married first, Elizabeth Moorehead:

1. At Northumberland County Court March 12, 1744, Thomas Dameron, Jr. (On motion of Richard Haynie and Samuel Nelms, executors of Alexander Moorehead, dead) made oath that about 3 years ago he was in company with the said Alexander Moorehead and Richard Haynie, who married said Moorehead's daughter; and that said Moorehead called in 3 negro girls belonging to him and said "Rich-

#13.

ard Haynie chose one of them; said Haynie chose a girl named Mary, which said negro by the will of the said Alexander Moorehead, is given to said Haynie's daughter Hannah, and in case of said Hannah's death without issue to descend to said Moorehead's daughter Ann Moorehead (Northumberland County/Court records.)

2. The Register of St. Stephen's Parish, Northumberland County gives record: "Hannah, daughter of Richard and Elizabeth Haynie, born November 23, 1742".

24) Evidence that Richard Haynie (circa 1705/6-1753) married second, Mary Ann Parrott, daughter of Lawrence and Mary Parrot, of Northumberland County:

1) Northumberland County Court March 9, 1746/7, On Motion of Mary Parrot, who made oath according to law, certificate is granted her for obtaining letters of administration on the estate of Lawrence Parrot, deceased, she having given bond and security according to law (Northumberland County records, Order Book 1743-1740, page 161.)

2) "Pursuant to order of court March 14, 1747/8 we the subscribers met and allotted Mr. Richard Haynie, his wife's part of her deceased father's estate". (Ibid. Record Book 1747-1749, page 79.)

3) Northumberland County Court, April 11, 1748. A division of the estate of Lawrence Parrot, deceased, was returned and ordered recorded. (Ibid, Order Book 1743-1749, page 283.)

4) The will of Richard Haynie, of St. Stephen's Parish, Northumberland County, dated October 5, 1752, probated May 14, 1752, names wife, Mary Ann Haynie.



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5) Thus we find that Richard Haynie married Mary Ann Parrott, (as the name finally came to be spelled) daughter of Lawrence Parrott.

6) In further confirmation of the fact that Richard Haynie married Mary Ann Parrot, daughter of Lawrence and Mary Parrott, is the will of Mrs. Mary An Parrot (so spelled) of Northumberland County, dated August 12, 1749, probated Dec. 8, 1755 which devised "one pistole ... to my beloved Granddaughter, Mary Haynie if she lives to the age of ten years." Northumberland County records, Will Book No. 3, page 244) (Note: This "granddaughter Mary Haynie" was Molly (Mary) daughter of Richard Haynie, born Nov. 5, 1748 (Register of St. Stephen's Parish, Northumberland County, Virginia.)

25) Date of birth of Hannah, daughter of Richard and Elizabeth (Moorehead) Haynie is from the Register of St. Stephen's Parish, Northumberland County, Virginia; the record of her marriage is from a record in a family Bible (once the property of David Ball, Sr., purchased by him in 1803; and the records therein in his handwriting); which Bible was in possession of Mrs. Georgia Fitzgerald, of Somerset County, Maryland in October 1929. See also post page 17, deed April 13, 1767, Elisha Betts and Mary Ann, his wife, of Lunenburg County and David Ball and Hannah, his wife, of Northumberland County, to Bridgar Haynie conveying land which Richard Haynie devised to his wife Mary Ann (who later married Elisha Betts) for her lifetime and afterwards to his, the said Richard Haynie's, daughter, Hannah, now the wife of said David Ball.

26) The evidence that Molly, Elizabeth and Lucy Haynie were children of Richard Haynie (circa 1705/6-1763) and his second wife, Mary Ann Parrott comes in the following way:



1) Pursuant to order of Northumberland County court March 14, 1747/8 Richard Haynie was allotted his wife's portion of her deceased father's, Lawrence Parrott's estate. Thus we know that Richard Haynie married the daughter (whose name was Mary Ann) of Lawrence Parrott, prior to March 1747/8) (see note 24 above.)

2) The register of St. Stephen's Parish, Northumberland County carries the following entries (under the respective dates): "Molly, daughter of Richard Haynie, born Nov. 5, 1748" "Elizabeth, Daughter of Richard Haynie, born May 21, 1750"; "Lucy, daughter of Richard Haynie, born March 9, 1752".

3) The will of Richard Haynie, of St. Stephen's Parish, Northumberland County, dated October 5, 1752; codicil dated December 4, 1752; probated May 14, 1753; wife Mary Ann Haynie, use of plantation during her life upon which to bring up her children, and after said Mary Ann's death the plantation to go to my daughter Hannah Haynie and her heirs and should she die without lawful heir plantation to go to my daughter, Molly Haynie and her lawful heir; and in case of her death without heir, said plantation to my daughter Elizabeth Haynie and her lawful heir, and in case of her death without issue, said plantation to my daughter Lucy Haynie and her lawful heir. To my wife, Mary Ann Haynie and her heirs forever, a negro woman Kate; wife Mary Ann Haynie for life a negro man Edward and a negro woman Mary, and after wife's death the said negros to go to my four children, viz: Hannah, Molly, Elizabeth and Lucy Haynie, they to have an equal property

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alike in the said negros. To my daughter, Hannah Haynie, a negro named Massey - To my daughter Molly Haynie, a negro named Hannah. - To my daughter, Elizabeth Haynie, a negro named Grace. - To my daughter, Lucy Haynie, a negro named Solomon. - Should any of the negroes left my three youngest daughters, Molly, Elizabeth and Lucy Haynie, die before Molly, Elizabeth and Lucy Haynie,

come to age of 18 years or marriage, then which ever daughter sustains said loss to "inherit with an equal share with her other two sisters". Personal estate equally divided between my wife and four above mentioned children. - My daughters to receive their estate at age of 18 years or day of marriage. - Executors wife Mary Ann Haynie and my two brothers William Haynie and Stephen Haynie. - Witnesses: Ann Haynie, Mary Ann Haynie. - Codicil providing that if testator's wife is with child then the said child to have an equal part of estate with testator's other children. Witness: Thomas <sup>Norman,</sup> ~~Herman~~.

The will of Richard Haynie was presented to court by Mary Ann Haynie, William Haynie and Stephen Haynie, executors therein named, and was proved by oaths of Ann Haynie and Thomas Norman, and duly probated and recorded. (Northumberland County records, Record Book 1751-1753, pages 221-3). Notes: Hannah Haynie named as daughter in will of Richard Haynie, was child by his first wife, Elizabeth Moorehead. Hannah Haynie married David Ball (See notes 23 and 25 above.)

4) Mrs. Mary Ann Haynie, widow of Richard Haynie, married secondly, in 1754, Elisha Betts, and moved with her second husband and her three Haynie children to Lunenburg County, Virginia, as



evidenced by the following items:

(a) At Northumberland County court, January 13, 1755, Bartholomew Dameron, guardian of Hannah Haynie received the said Hannah's part of her deceased father's, Richard Haynie's estate; and likewise Elisha Betts was possessed with his wife, Mary Ann's part of the estate of her former husband, Richard Haynie, and the said Elisha Betts, as guardian, was also possessed with the estate of Molly, Elizabeth, and Lucy Haynie, daughters of Richard Haynie, deceased, were presented to court by their guardian Elisha Betts (Northumberland County Record. Record Book 1750-1762, pages 103 and 104).

(b) By deed dated April 13, 1767, Elisha Betts and Mary Ann, his wife, of Lunenburg County, and David Ball and Hannah, his wife, of Northumberland County (for L50 to said Betts and wife and L60 to said Ball and wife) sold and conveyed to Bridgar Haynie, of Lancaster County, that tract of land near the court house in Northumberland County, containing 100 acres, now in possession of the said Elisha Betts and Mary Ann, his wife, for her lifetime as by will of her former husband Richard Haynie, deceased, and which afterwards is to descend to the aforesaid Hannah, wife of David Ball, and her heirs. (Northumberland County records, Record Book 1766-1770, pages 61 and 62).

5) Elisha Betts and Mary Ann, his wife continued to live in Lunenburg County throughout the remainder of their lives, Elisha Betts dying in 1784 and his widow, Mrs. Mary Ann Betts dying in 1807, each making a will recorded in Lunenburg County records.

(a) The will of Elisha Betts, of Lunenburg County, dated Sept. 16, 1783, probated May 13, 1784, devised property to daughter Judith Oliver, son William Betts, son Spencer Betts, daughter Nancy Jeffress, son Elisha Betts, wife Mary Ann Betts; son Barbee Betts, son Charles Betts, daughter Sallie Carter Betts; wife Mary Ann Betts, executrix (Lunenburg County records, Will Book No. 3, Page 159.

(b) The will of Mrs. Mary Ann Betts, of Cumberland Parish, Lunenburg County, dated June 5, 1802, probated December 10, 1807, devised property to children of deceased daughter, Molly Crenshaw; daughter Elizabeth Hatchett; Daughter Lucy Mills; Judith Oliver; children of deceased son William Betts; son Spencer Betts; son Elisha Betts; Son Barbee Betts; son Charles Betts; children of deceased daughter Nancy Jeffress; granddaughter Nancy Bacon McConnico; great grandson Parks Fowlkes, who is son of granddaughter Polly Fowlkes, deceased; executors sons Barbee Betts and Charles Betts (Lunenburg County Records Will Book No. 6, Page 201).

(c) It will be noticed by checking the wills of Elisha Betts (dated September 16, 1763; probated May 13, 1784) and Mrs. Mary Ann Betts (dated June 5, 1802; probated Dec. 10, 1807) as given above, that both wills name children Judith Oliver, William Betts, Spencer Betts, Nancy Jeffress, Elisha Betts, Barbee Betts and Charles Betts.

(d) By comparing the names of children mentioned in common in the wills of the said Elisha Betts and Mrs. Mary Ann Betts, it will be seen that the will of Mrs. Mary Ann Betts names three daughters who are not named in the will of Elisha Betts. Mrs. Mary Ann Betts names in her will (in addition to her Betts child-



ren) three daughters, viz: Molly Crenshaw, deceased, Elizabeth Hatchett and Lucy Mills.

In that we have established the fact that Mrs. Mary Ann Betts (wife of Elisha Betts) was formerly the widow of Richard Haynie; and that the said Mary Ann, had three daughters by the said Richard Haynie, Viz: Molly Haynie, Elizabeth Haynie and Lucy Haynie, it becomes evident that the three daughters, viz: Molly Crenshaw, deceased, Elizabeth Hatchett, and Lucy Mills named in the will of Mrs. Mary Ann Betts (but not named in the will of Elisha Betts) were Molly Haynie, Elizabeth Haynie and Lucy Haynie, it becomes evident that the three daughters, viz: Molly Crenshaw, deceased, Elizabeth Hatchett and Lucy Mills named in the will of Mrs. Mary Ann Betts (but not named in the will of Elisha Betts) were Molly Haynie, Elizabeth Haynie and Lucy Haynie, daughters of Mrs. Mary Ann Betts and her first husband Richard Haynie of Northumberland County, While Mrs. Mary Ann Betts' will is evidence of the fact that her daughter Molly Haynie married a Crenshaw; her daughter Elizabeth Haynie married a Hatchett and that her daughter Lucy Haynie married a Mills.

(6) Having established the facts that the three daughters of Richard Haynie and his wife Mary Ann (who married second, Elisha Betts), viz: Molly, Elizabeth and Lucy Haynie, married respectively a Crenshaw, a Hatchett and a Mills, it becomes necessary to establish the baptismal names of the Crenshaw, Hatchett and Mills men whom Molly, Elizabeth and Lucy Haynie married. The following items establish these three marriages:



(a) In the records of Lunenburg County court there is the marriage bond, dated October 7, 1767, of William Crenshaw and Molly Haynie; with Elisha Betts, surety. Thus we have the name of the husband of "my daughter Molly Crenshaw, deceased" who is named in the will of Mrs. Mary Ann Betts, and can positively identify her by this marriage bond as being Molly Haynie (born November 5, 1743) eldest child and daughter of Richard Haynie and Mary Ann Parrett, his wife; the said Mary Ann having married second Elisha Betts.

(b) The identity of the "daughter Elizabeth Hatchett" named in the will of Mrs. Mary Ann Betts, and the name of her husband as William Hatchett, is established by statements of the late Mrs. Anne E. Stokes, (widow of Henry Stokes) of Farmville, Virginia, who was Anne Eliza Hatchett, a daughter of Haynie Hatchett (1799-1843) who was a son of William and Elizabeth Hatchett of Lunenburg County. Mrs. Anne E. Stokes in a letter (addressed to Clayton Torrance, Richmond, Va.) dated April 30, 1912<sup>3</sup>, wrote: "My father Haynie Hatchett was born Aug. 31, 1779; Frances Tanner Jones, his wife born Jan 8, 1796. Haynie Hatchett and Frances Tanner Jones were married April 23, 1816. Haynie Hatchett's mother was Elizabeth Haynie. Haynie Hatchett died Nov. 1, 1843. Frances Tanner Hatchett, his wife died Jan. 8, 1856..." In a second letter from Mrs. Stokes (addressed to Clayton Torrance) dated June 4, 1913, she wrote "My father's family Bible brother <sup>Llewellyn</sup> ~~Lex~~ (Llewlyn) Hatchett had and it was burnt up when his house was burned which grieved him very much; so I can't tell you when my grandfather William Hatchett and Elizabeth Haynie ~~were~~ married; nor can I tell you where Elizabeth Haynie came from neither can I tell you who her father and mother were. All of grandpa Hatchett's children were



by Elizabeth Haynie."

The statement of Mrs. Anne E. Stokes, quoted above in regard to the names of her paternal grandparents constitute positive evidence that they were William Hatchett and Elizabeth Haynie, his wife; and that they had a son Haynie Hatchett (1779-1843) who married Frances Tamer Jones, and had a daughter Anne Eliza Hatchett, who was the Mrs. Anne E. Stokes who thus stated (in 1933) the names of her paternal grandparents as William Hatchett and Elizabeth Haynie.

In the light of this statement of Mrs. Anne E. Stokes it becomes evident that the "daughter Elizabeth Hatchett named in the will of Mrs. Mary Ann Betts, was Elizabeth Haynie (born May 21, 1750) second child and daughter of Richard Haynie and Mary Ann Parrot his wife; the said Mary Ann having married second, Elisha Betts.

Though the marriage bond of William Hatchett and Elizabeth Haynie is missing from the records of the Luenburg County court we know that the said William Hatchett and Elizabeth Haynie were married probably about 1777-8 as their son Haynie Hatchett was born August 31, 1779.

(e) The identity of the "daughter Lucy Mills" named in the will of Mrs. Mary Ann Betts, has also been established. For evidence see following section.

7) That the "daughter Lucy Mills," named in the will of Mrs. Mary Ann Betts, was Lucy Haynie (born March 9, 1752), daughter of Richard Haynie and his wife, Mary Ann Parrott (who married second Elisha Betts) and that the said Lucy Haynie married December



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25, 1771, John Mills (1742-1812) of Lunenburg County, Virginia, and Wilkes County, Georgia, is proved in the following way:

(a) The register of St. Stephen's Parish, Northumberland County, gives record "Lucy, daughter of Richard Haynie born March 9, 1752."

(b) The will of Richard Haynie, of St. Stephen's Parish Northumberland County, dated October 25, 1752, probated May 14, 1753 (see above section 3 of this note (26) for this will) names wife Mary Ann; and daughters Molly, Elizabeth and Lucy Haynie.

(c) Mrs. Mary Ann Haynie (widow of Richard Haynie) married second, in 1754, Elisha Betts, and they moved to Lunenburg County about the year 1765. (see above section 4 of the note (26) for evidence that Mrs. Mary Ann Haynie married second Elisha Betts, and that the said Elisha Betts was guardian of his step-daughters Molly, Elizabeth and Lucy Haynie).

(d) Mrs. Mary Ann Betts, of Lunenburg County, will dated June 5, 1802, probated December 10, 1807 (see above section 5, sub-section (b) of this note (26) for this will) names "my daughter Lucy Mills". (See above section 5, subsection (d) of this note (26) for statement of evidence that "daughter Lucy Mills" "named in Mrs. Mary Ann Betts Will, was Lucy Haynie, daughter of the said Mrs. Mary Ann Betts by her first husband, Richard Haynie).

(e) From items of record, which will be given in detail in the section following, it will be seen that John Mills was living in 1772 in Lunenburg County, Virginia, in the family of Elisha Betts, the step-father of Lucy Haynie; that John Mills and wife Lucy, appeared as witnesses for William Hatchett (who married

Elizabeth Haynie) in a a suit in Lunenburg County Court, October 6, 1772; that John Mills and Lucy, his wife, joined in conveying their landed property in Lunenburg County, Virginia, in November 1784; and that a record in an old family Bible reads: "John Mills, born April 22nd, 1742. Lucy Mills born March, 1752." They were married 25 December 1771. John Mills died in 1812. Lucy Mills Died, Dec. 6, 1801.) We call especial attention to the recorded item, "Lucy Mills born March, 1752" in comparison with the recorded fact that Lucy Haynie (daughter of Richard Haynie and his wife Mary Ann, who afterwards married Elisha Betts) was born March 9, 1752.")

27) John Mills (1742-1812) and his wife, Lucy Haynie (1752-1801) of Lunenburg County, Virginia, and Wilkes County, Ga.

We offer the following ascertained facts as evidence that Lucy (1752-1801) wife of John Mills (1742-1812) and Mary Ann Parrott, his wife, of Northumberland County, Virginia; the said Mrs. Mary Ann, wife, of Northumberland County, Virginia; the said Mrs. Mary Ann (Parrott) Haynie having married second, circa 1754, Elisha Betts, and removed with the said Elisha Betts to Lunenburg County, Virginia. These facts of record are as follows:

(1) Lucy, daughter of Richard Haynie was born March 9, 1752, (Register of St. Stephen's Parish, Northumberland County, Virginia, page 67, original in Division of Archives, Virginia State Library, Richmond.)

(2) Richard Haynie (circa 1705-1753) of Northumberland County married Mary Ann Parrott, and by her had issue three daughters, viz: Molly Haynie, born Nov. 5, 1742; Elizabeth Haynie, born May 21, 1750; and Lucy Haynie, born March 9, 1752 (for statement of evidence for this marriage of Richard Haynie and Mary Ann



Parrott and of the names of their three daughters see above notes 25 and 26).

(3) Mrs. Mary Ann Haynie, widow of Richard Haynie married second Elisha Betts, and the said Elisha Betts became guardian of his step-daughters, Molly, Elizabeth and Lucy Haynie; and sometime before the year 1767 the said Elisha Betts and his wife, Mary Ann, moved to Lunenburg County, Virginia, carrying their family of children with them (for statement of evidence for these facts see note 26, Section 4, sub sections a and b.)

(4) Elisha Betts died in Lunenburg County, in 1784, his will dated Sept. 16, 1783, probated May 13, 1784 naming wife, Mary Ann Betts and daughter Judith Oliver, son William Betts, son Spencer Betts, daughter Nancy Jeffress, son Elisha Betts, son Barbee Betts, son Charles Betts, daughter Sallie Carter Betts \*\* (see above note 26, Section 5, sub-section (A) for will of Elisha Betts).

\*\* St. Stephen's Parish Register, Northumberland County, pages 15 and 16 gives birth of the first five children of Elisha Betts and Mary Ann, his wife as follows:

Judith, born Aug. 12, 1756; William, born Mar. 29, 1757;<sup>5</sup> Spencer, born April 6, 1759; Nancy, born April 31, 1761; Elisha, born March 1, 1763. (The children Barbee, Charles and Sallie Carter Betts were born after the removal of their parents to Lunenburg County).

Sallie Carter Betts married, October 1788, Jared McConnico, Jr., (Lunenburg County marriage bonds) and died before her mother, Mrs. Mary Ann Betts made her will in June 1802. The "granddaughter Nancy Bacon McConnico" named in the will of Mrs. Mary Ann Betts

(above) was the child of Sallie Carter Betts and Jared McConnico, Jr. In Lunenburg marriage bonds we also find one in August 1776 of Isaac Oliver to Judah (Judith) Betts.

We have not discovered the baptismal name of the Mr. Jeffress whom Nancy Betts married.

(5) Mrs. Mary Ann Betts died in 1807, her will dated June 5, 1802, probated December 10, 1807 devises property to children of deceased daughter Molly Crenshaw; to daughter Elizabeth Hatchett; to daughter Lucy Mills; to daughter Judith Oliver; to children of deceased son William Betts; to son Spencer Betts; to son Elisha Betts; to son Barbee Betts; to son Charles Betts; children of deceased daughter Nancy Jeffress; to granddaughter Nancy Bacon McConnico; to great-grandson Parks Fowlkes, who is son of my grand-daughter Polly Fowlkes, deceased (See above note 26) Section 5, sub-section B) for will of Mrs. Mary Ann Betts).

(6) By comparing the names of the children mentioned in the will of Elisha Betts with the names of the children mentioned in the will of his wife, Mrs. Mary Ann Betts, it will be seen that Mrs. Mary Ann Betts names, in addition to her Betts children, three daughters, whom Elisha Betts did not name in his will; viz: "daughter Molly Crenshaw, deceased"; daughter Elizabeth Hatchett", and "daughter Lucy Mills".

The Statements of evidence made above in Note 26) Sections 5) and 6) establish the facts: (a) That the daughters Molly Crenshaw deceased, Elizabeth Hatchett, and Lucy Mills (named in the will of Mrs. Mary Ann Betts but not in the will of her husband, Elisha Betts, were Killy, Elizabeth and Lucy Haynie, daughters of



Mrs. Mary Ann Haynie by her first husband, Richard Haynie. (b)  
That the said Molly Haynie married William Crenshaw and the said  
Elizabeth Haynie married William Hatchett; and the said Lucy  
Haynie married \_\_\_\_\_ Mills.

In the above sections 1-6 inclusive, we establish the fact  
that Lucy Haynie (born March 9, 1752) daughter of Richard Haynie  
(circa 1705/6-1753) and Mary Ann, his wife, in the "daughter Lucy  
Mills" named in the will of Mrs. Mary Ann Betts.

We will now proceed to present certain items of record  
from which we draw the conclusion that the husband of "daughter  
Lucy Mills" (named in the will of Mrs. Mary Ann Betts, was named  
John Mills; and that the said John Mills lived in Lunenburg  
County, Virginia; that the said John Mills and Lucy, his wife sold  
their Lunenburg County landed property in November 1784, and that  
the said John Mills and Lucy, his wife, moved to the State of  
Georgia where they settled in Wilkes County. These facts of record  
are as follows:

(1) In an old family Bible \*\* appears this entry: "John  
Mills, born September 22nd, 1742. Lucy Mills born March 1752.  
They were married 25 December, 1771".

(2) In Lunenburg County, Virginia records appear:  
"1772 ... List of Tithes taken by Elisha Betts" (Among  
the entries in this list appears:)

"Elisha Betts  
John Mills  
John Parrott."

11 tithes; 815 acres land  
1 fiding) chair

The interpretation of this entry is that Elisha Betts was  
the head of this household and that John Mills and John Parrott \*\*  
were living with him. We venture the suggestion that this John

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Mills, living in the household of Elisha Betts, in Lunenburg County in 1772 and listed as a tithable therein, was John Mills, who had married Lucy, on December 25, 1771 (According to the family Bible quoted above) and that the said John Mills was living in the household of Elisha Betts because his wife Lucy was Lucy Haynie, step-daughter of the said Elisha Betts.

\*\* \_\_\_\_\_ The family Bible here referred to is one that was kept in the Davis-Mills family connection and is now (August 1949) in the possession of Miss Mary Lamar Davis, of 509 Meridian Circle, Tallahassee, Florida, who sent a certified photostatic copy of the records written into this family Bible to said Scott Willis, HR of San Antonio, Texas, in July 1949, which photostatic copy of records is before me, Clayton Torrence, of Richmond, Virginia, as he compiles this note. Miss Mary Lamar Davis of Tallahassee, Florida, who has this family Bible in her possession is a great-granddaughter of Charles Carter Mills, son of John and Lucy Mills whose records are here under discussion. Charles Carter Mills had a daughter Mary Elizabeth, who married W. G. M. Davis. The records in this family Bible (the title page of which bears imprint of American Bible Society on New York, 1834) begin with entries of the births, marriage and deaths of the John and Lucy Mills here under discussion. Whoever entered the records of the births, marriage and deaths of the said John and Lucy Mills in this specific family Bible must have had before them records from an earlier family Bible, or must have had positive knowledge from some other authentic source of the date which is entered in regard to the said John and Lucy Mills. These dates are too specific to have been other than authentic. The records in the family Bible also



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carry the dates of births, marriage, and death of Charles Carter Mills (born April 28, 1793; died July 24, 18<sup>6</sup>2) married July 8, 1813, Sarah Lamar Stokes (born February 10, 1795; died \_\_\_\_\_) and the names, with dates of births, marriages and deaths of the children of the said Charles Carter Mills and Sarah Lamar Stokes, his wife.

The matter for emphasis here is that the records of births, marriage and deaths of John and Lucy Mills (the subjects of our study) were entered in this family Bible during the lifetime of of their son, Charles Carter Mills from whose daughter, Mary Elizabeth Mills, who married W.G.K. Davis, this family Bible descended to its present owner, Miss Mary Lemar Davis, of Tallahassee, Florida. This family Bible is known to have been formerly owned by the aforesaid Mrs. Mary Elizabeth Mills) Davis, daughter of Charles Carter Mills and granddaughter of John and Lucy Mills, with the records of whose births, deaths and marriage, the records in this family Bible begin. Therefore the credibility of the records is firmly established.

It is the item of this family Bible, viz: "Lucy Mills - born March 1752 (wife of John Mills; whom she married December 28, 1771) that fits the birth of Lucy Haynie (daughter of Richard Haynie and his wife Mary Ann; afterwards Mrs. Mary Ann Betts); the said Lucy Haynie, born March 9, 1752; the said Lucy Haynie having been specifically named in the will of her Mother, Mrs. Mary Ann Haynie Betts, as "my daughter, Lucy Mills".

In this study we have assembled authentic items of record to prove that the "Lucy Mills, born March, 1752" (of the family Bible record here quoted) was the Lucy Haynie, born March 9, 1752,

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who is named in the will of her mother, Mrs. Mary Ann Haynie-Betts (her first husband having been Richard Haynie), as "my daughter Lucy Mills".

\*\*\* JOHN PARROTT - This John Parrott (who was living in the household of Elisha Betts in 1772) was no doubt a relation of Mrs. Mary Ann (nee Parrott) Haynie-Betts, the wife of Elisha Betts. Mrs. Betts had a brother William Parrott, of Northumberland County, (who died September or October 1778) who had a son John Parrott, who disappears from Northumberland County after his father's death. It is not improbable that John Parrott, who appears as a member of Elisha Betts' household in Lunenburg in 1772 was the nephew by that name of Mrs. Mary Ann (Parrott) Haynie-Betts.

\*\*\*\* The Lunenburg County Tithe List for 1752 (taken by John Phelps) lists a John Mills with 2 tithes. (original list in Lunenburg County records; published Bell, Sunlight on the South Side: Lists of Tithes Lunenburg County, 1740-1783, page 208.

Investigation up to this time has failed to show that there was any connection between this John Mills of 1752, and the John Mills (1742-1812) who is here under discussion.

1782 - Lunenburg County Land Tax List ..... John Mills is charged with 420 acres of land.

(the original of this tax list is in the division of Archives, Virginia State Library, Richmond. This list has not been published).

1782. - Lunenburg County Personal Property List: John Mills and William Redford\*

(The charge being: 2 white tithes; 9 slaves; 7 horses; 23



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cattle. Taxes: 6; 9; 9 (Names of slaves given) Isaac; Solomon; Tab; Jenny; Israel; Jude; Lucy; Ester; Sam.

(4) The Lunenburg County Land Tax Lists 1703-1786, inclusive, are missing; however the Personal Property Tax List for 1793 has been preserved and in it we find:

1783. List of taxable property (Lunenburg County) taken by Christopher Robertson, Gen.... (with the item: "John Mills 10 tithes: 6 (horses?)")

(the original of this 1783 list in original papers office Clerk Circuit Court, Lunenburg County, and is published Bell, Sunlight on the South Side: List of Tithes Lunenburg County, 1748-1783, page 411).

(5) In the Lunenburg County Personal Property Tax List for 1784 we find the charge: "John Mills, 1 white tithe over 21 years old (being John Mills); 7 negroes; 4 horses; 20 cattle; 8 tithes in all; tax 3; 4; 13.

(the original of this 1784 list is in Division of Archives, Virginia State Library, Richmond, This List has not been published!.

This appearance of John Mills on the 1784 Lunenburg County Personal Property Tax List is the last appearance of his name on the Lunenburg County Personal Property Tax Lists; after this 1784 appearance the name of John Mills disappears from the tax lists.

\*WILLIAM RADFORD: We have not been able to identify this William Radford who was living in the household of John Mills, in Lunenburg County in 1782. ~~By 1783 William~~ Radford has disappeared from John Mills Household.

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(6) Though the Lunenburg County Land Tax Lists, 1783-1786, inclusive are missing there remains a list of "Alterations in the land tax of Lunenburg County for the year 1785". (original of this list in Division of Archives, Virginia State Library, Richmond, has not been published). In this list of "Alterations in the land tax of Lunenburg County for the year 1785" we find this item: "Cr (credit) John Mills, quantity acres; 450; price per acre  $6\frac{1}{2}$  (i.e) 6 shillings; 2 pence; Amt. valuation L138; 15; 0; tax: L2; 1;  $7\frac{1}{2}$ ; Dr. (debit) Richard<sup>ard</sup> Claughton....."

The interpretation of this item is that John Mills had disposed of his 450 acres of land in Lunenburg County, before 1785, to Richard Claughton and the said 450 acres were to be charged in the tax list of 1785 to the said Claughton. (We would note, that although the Lunenburg County Land Tax Lists for 1786 are missing yet in the Lunenburg Land Tax List for 1787 (which is in Division of Archives, Virginia State Library, Richmond) Richard Claughton is charged with this 450 acres; and John Mills name disappears from the Lunenburg County Land Tax Lists after the notation in the "Alterations... for the year 1785", as quoted above.

(7) In the Lunenburg County Court records we find the record of the deed of transfer of the above mentioned 450 acres of land by John Mills and Lucy, his wife, to Richard Claughton as follows:

"November 11, 1784, John Mills and Lucy, his wife, of Lunenburg County, to Richard Claughton, of the same county, for 30,000 pounds of tobacco they convey, 450 acres of land in Lunenburg County, "and is the land thereon the said John Mills now lives"



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and was formerly purchased by the said John Mills from Henry Crenshaw and Edward Brown\* and bounded according to the deeds for same; with all houses, buildings, etc., etc. Witnesses to deed: William Betts, Elisha Betts, Spencer Betts, Thomas Cralle, John Craughton. The deed was recorded in Lunenburg County, December 10, 1784, when Lucy, wife of the said John Mills, coming into court relinquished her dower in said land (Lun<sup>w</sup>enburg County records, Deed Book No. 14, Page 148.

\*The deed of Crenshaw to John Mills is dated Aug. 8, 1776 (Lunenburg County Deed Book No. 12, page 514); the deed of Brown to Mills, dated Feb. 20, 1779 (Ibid, Deed Book No. 13, page 228),

(8) With the above recorded transaction, the sale and deeding of their land in November 1784 and its recording in December 1784, the names of John Mills and Lucy, his wife, disappear from the Lunenburg County, Virginia, records; the single exception thereto having been the reference to "my daughter Lucy Mills" in the will of Mrs. Mary Ann Betts, referred to above. (Note 26 - (b) ). We would call particular attention to the fact that the deed, November 11, 1784, John Mills and Lucy, his wife, to Richard Claughton, (recited above) was witnessed by William Betts, Elisha Betts, and Spencer Betts. These men, the said William Betts, Elisha Betts and Spencer Betts, were sons of Elisha Betts and Mary Ann, his wife; which said Mrs. Mary Ann Betts names in her will "my daughter Lucy Mills " who was (it seems most evident) was Lucy, wife of John Mills (the grantors in the said deed) therefore the said Lucy, wife of John Mills, would appear to have been Lucy Haynie, daughter of Richard Haynie (circa 1705/6-1753) and Mary Ann, his wife; which said Mary Ann married second Elisha Betts.



Thus Mrs. Mary Ann became the mother of William Betts, Elisha Betts and Spencer Betts the witnesses to the above deed of John Mills and Lucy, his wife, to Richard Claughton. These said Bettises would therefore be younger half-brothers of the said Lucy, wife of John Mills.

(9) Another significant item from the Lunenburg County records we would place in this argument. At Lunenburg County Court, October 8, 1772, William Hatchett presented a cause against one Elisha Estes in regard to certain land which the said Hatchett and Estes both claimed right to. The suit was decided in William Hatchett's favor; and among the witnesses giving testimony in behalf of Hatchett's claim were John Mills and Lucy Mills and Elisha Betts.

We would note that this William Hatchett, later married Elizabeth Haynie, step-daughter of Elisha Betts, the will of whose wife, Mrs. Mary Ann Betts named "my daughter Elizabeth Hatchett" and proved were Elizabeth Haynie and Lucy Haynie, daughters of Mrs. Mary Ann Betts by her first husband, Richard Haynie (circa 1705/6-1753) and his wife, Mary Ann, which Mary Ann married second Elisha Betts and in her will as Mrs. Mary Ann Betts named "my daughter Lucy Mills".

The family Bible record reads:

"John Mills Born Sept. 22nd, 1742. Lucy Mills Born March 1752. They were married 25 Dec., 1771. John Mills Died 1812. Mrs. Lucy Mills Died Dec. 6th, 1801".

We have, therefore, from a family Bible, the record of the birth of Lucy, wife of John Mills as "Lucy Mills Born March 1752".  
(Insert here Rider on page following this page.)

Then we have Mrs. Mary Ann (Parrott Haynie-Betts' Will

{Dated June 5, 1802; probated December 10, 1807) naming "my daughter Lucy Mills."\*\*\*

RIDER to Page 32.....

From St. Stephen's Parish Register, Northumberland County, Virginia, we have the record of the birth of Lucy Haynie, daughter of Richard Haynie (Circa 1705/6-1753) and Mary Ann his wife, as

"Lucy, daughter of Richard Haynie, born March 9, 1752."





And finally we have the items of record, quoted above in sections 1-9, which present incontrovertible evidence relative to John Mills and Lucy, his wife, in Lunenburg County, Virginia, in closest association with Mrs. Mary Ann (Parrott) Haynie-Betts who according to her will had a "daughter Lucy Mills". \*\*\*\*\*

\*\* St. Stephen's Parish Register - While the St. Stephen's Parish Register gives only the name of Lucy Haynie's father in recording her birth we prove by the will of the said Richard Haynie (the father) that Lucy's mother's name was Mary Ann (see note 26 where this is conclusively proved).

\*\*\* The family Bible record (which we have referred to several times) gives the date of death of Mrs. Lucy Mills as Dec. 5, 1801. Her mother, Mrs. Mary Ann Betts who made her will on June 5, 1802, naming "my daughter Lucy Mills" had not evidently heard of her daughter's death in the far away South. In the opening of the 19th century Virginia and Georgia were very far apart. Mrs. Lucy Mills died in Wilkes County, Georgia, and her mother, Mrs. Mary Ann Betts was living in Lunenburg County, Virginia.

\*\*\*\* A thorough search has been made in the remaining marriage records of Lunenburg County for a record of the marriage of Lucy Haynie and John Mills but their marriage bond is missing. The many Virginia Counties are incomplete. Due to the fact of this missing marriage record every item bearing on John Mills and Lucy, his wife, has been searched out and brought together in these notes.

(11) In view of the items of record presented in the foregoing sections of this note we therefore state that Mrs. Lucy

Mills, born March 1752; died December 5, 1801; married December 25, 1772; John Mills born September 22, 1742; died 1812 (as the quoted family Bible record states) was Lucy Haynie Born March 9, 1752 (according to St. Stephen's Parish Register, Northumberland County, Virginia) daughter of Richard Haynie (circa 1705/6-1753) and his wife Mary Ann Parrott who married second Elisha Betts and removed to Lunenburg County, Virginia; and that the said Lucy (nee Haynie) Mills, wife of John Mills (1742-1812) is the person named in the will of Mrs. Mary Ann (Parrott) Haynie-Betts as "my daughter Lucy Mills".

(12) In conclusion; after disposing of their landed property in Lunenburg County, Virginia, in November 1784, (see section 7 & 8 above) John Mills and Lucy (nee Haynie), his wife, moved to the state of Georgia sometime during the year 1785, first being in Richmond County, Georgia, and soon settling in Wilkes County, Georgia, where they both died, leaving descendants.

We find that on November 21, 1785, John Dennis and Issac Dennis, of Richmond County, Georgia, sold and conveyed by deed to John Mills, of Richmond County, Georgia, a tract of 450 acres in Wilkes County, Georgia, situated on Little River above the mouth of Cedar Creek (Wilkes County, Georgia Records, Deed Book 4A, 1785-1787, page 40, quoted in Davidson, Early Records of Georgia; Wilkes County, Volume I, Page 243).

John Mills and Lucy, his wife, soon thereafter settled on this land in Wilkes County; by grant and purchase adding to his holding in that vicinity and in Columbia and Warren Counties; There in Wilkes County, Georgia, Mrs. Lucy Mills died December 5, 1801, and her husband, John Mills died in the year 1812, in the



month of January.\*

The will of "John Mills, of the County of Wilkes and State of Georgia, being in bad health but of sound and disposing mind and memory..." was dated December 16, 1807, with a codicil (undated), and probated and recorded in Wilkes County, February 3, 1812. In the opening clause of his will, committing his soul to God and expressing his trust in a blessed Redeemer, John Mills writes this, both heart-touching and heart-inspiring passage:

"and request that my body to be buried in as near my dear deceased wife Lucy Mills as it can be conveniently placed.."

(The will of John Mills is recorded Wilkes County, Georgia, Court of Ordinary, in Will Book 1810-1816, pages 52-57).

John Mills (1742-1812) and Lucy (1752-1801) nee Haynie, his wife, had issue (according to his will):

(1) Nancy Born October 30, 1772 in Virginia, married first Abram Simmons; second Rev. Jesse Mercer. Nancy Mills died May 1841. No issue.

(2) Mary (Polly) married Thomas C. Porter. Had issue.

(3) Rebecca married Joseph Gertrell. Had Issue.

(4) Ketura married William Grant; 2nd. Dr. Wylie B. Ector. Issue  
(Keborah)

(5) Lucy married Edward Moore. Had issue.

(6) Sarah married Elisha Betts, Dec. 31, 1818. Issue.

(7) Matilda married Paul Thilman Willis (had issue).

(8) Charles Carter, born April 28, 1794 - died July 24, 1862. had issue.

In his Will John Mills also makes provision for his four grandchildren, viz: Louise Porter, Augusta Ports, Lucy Mills Porter,



and Martha (misspelled Matthew) Porter, who were children of his daughter, Polly Porter, "or any other child or children she, my said daughter Polly, may have".

This daughter, Polly (Mills) Porter was the wife of Thomas Porter (who died December 1818) of Wilkes County, Georgia; and in the Will of the said Thomas Porter (dated May 20, 1817); recorded January 4, 1818)\*\* he makes bequests to wife Polly (Mills) Porter; son Solon W. Porter and four daughters, Louise Haney (Haynie) Porter Willis, Augusta America Porter Willis; Lucy M. Porter and Martha H. Porter; and refers, in the concluding passage of his Will, to "the property that was willed to my three youngest children by their grandfather, John Mills".

\* - The family Bible record, quoted before, states "John Mills Died 1812" and as his will was probated and recorded in Wilkes County, Georgia, February 3, 1812, we can assume positively that John Mills died in January, 1812.

\*\* - The will of Thomas Porter is recorded in Wilkes County, Georgia, Court of Ordinary, will Book 1818-1819, pages 129-134.

The daughters, Louise Haney Willis, Augusta America Willis, Lucy M. Porter and Martha H. Porter, named in the will of Thomas Porter were the "grandchildren Louise Porter, Augusta Porter, Lucy Mills Porter and Martha Porter", named in the will of John Mills.

We would call attention to the fact of the name "Louise Haney Willis", in the will of Thomas Porter. This daughter carried as part of her baptismal name the family name Haney (which in reality was Haynie), harking back to the family name of her maternal grandmother, Mrs. Lucy (nee Haynie) Mills. The spelling of the name as Haney is simply a corruption in its spelling which we

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find time and again in the ancient records of Virginia where it was so entered by careless court clerks.

This Louise Haney Porter married Joshua Willis; her sister Augusta America Porter married John W. Willis (these men were brothers) the sister Martha H. Porter, was Martha Hansford Porter, the name Hansford having been derived from her paternal grandmother, Mrs. Sarah (nee Hansford) Porter, wife of Nicholas Porter. Martha Hansford Porter later married Benjamin F. Willis (a cousin of Joshua and John W. Willis).

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